RELIABILITY REPORT
FOR MAX8727ETB+T
PLASTIC ENCAPSULATED DEVICES

October 9, 2010

MAXIM INTEGRATED PRODUCTS
120 SAN GABRIEL DR.
SUNNYVALE, CA 94086

Approved by
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Quality Assurance
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Conclusion

The MAX8727ETB+T successfully meets the quality and reliability standards required of all Maxim products. In addition, Maxim’s continuous reliability monitoring program ensures that all outgoing product will continue to meet Maxim’s quality and reliability standards.

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I. Device Description II. Manufacturing Information III. Packaging Information IV. Die Information V. Quality Assurance Information VI. Reliability Evaluation

I. Device Description

A. General

The MAX8727 is a high-performance step-up DC-DC converter that provides a regulated supply voltage for active-matrix thin-film transistor (TFT) liquid-crystal displays (LCDs). The MAX8727 incorporates current mode, fixed-frequency, pulse-width modulation (PWM) circuitry with a built-in n-channel power MOSFET to achieve high efficiency and fast transient response. Users can select 640kHz or 1.2MHz operation using a logic input pin (FREQ). The high switching frequencies allow the use of ultra-small inductors and low-ESR ceramic capacitors. The current-mode architecture provides fast transient response to pulsed loads. A compensation pin (COMP) gives users flexibility in adjusting loop dynamics. The 30V internal MOSFET can generate output voltages up to 24V from an input voltage between 2.6V and 5.5V. Soft-start slowly ramps the input current and is programmed with an external capacitor. The MAX8727 is available in a 10-pin thin DFN package.
II. Manufacturing Information

A. Description/Function: TFT-LCD Step-Up DC-DC Converter
B. Process: S45
C. Number of Device Transistors: 
D. Fabrication Location: California, Texas or Japan
E. Assembly Location: China, Malaysia, Philippines, Thailand
F. Date of Initial Production: January 19, 2005

III. Packaging Information

A. Package Type: 10-pin TDFN 3x3
B. Lead Frame: Copper
C. Lead Finish: 100% matte Tin
D. Die Attach: Conductive
E. Bondwire: Au (1.3 mil dia.)
F. Mold Material: Epoxy with silica filler
G. Assembly Diagram: #05-9000-1407
H. Flammability Rating: Class UL94-V0
I. Classification of Moisture Sensitivity per JEDEC standard J-STD-020-C: Level 1
J. Single Layer Theta Ja: 54°C/W
K. Single Layer Theta Jc: 8.5°C/W
L. Multi Layer Theta Ja: 41°C/W
M. Multi Layer Theta Jc: 8.5°C/W

IV. Die Information

A. Dimensions: 50 X 79 mils
B. Passivation: Si₃N₄/SiO₂ (Silicon nitride/ Silicon dioxide)
C. Interconnect: Al/0.5%Cu with Ti/TiN Barrier
D. Backside Metallization: None
E. Minimum Metal Width: Metal1 = 0.5 / Metal2 = 0.6 / Metal3 = 0.6 microns (as drawn)
F. Minimum Metal Spacing: Metal1 = 0.45 / Metal2 = 0.5 / Metal3 = 0.6 microns (as drawn)
G. Bondpad Dimensions: 5 mil. Sq.
H. Isolation Dielectric: SiO₂
I. Die Separation Method: Wafer Saw
V. Quality Assurance Information

A. Quality Assurance Contacts: Richard Aburano (Manager, Reliability Operations) Bryan Preeshl (Vice President of QA)

B. Outgoing Inspection Level: 0.1% for all electrical parameters guaranteed by the Datasheet. 0.1% For all Visual Defects.

C. Observed Outgoing Defect Rate: < 50 ppm

D. Sampling Plan: Mil-Std-105D

VI. Reliability Evaluation

A. Accelerated Life Test

The results of the 135°C biased (static) life test are shown in Table 1. Using these results, the Failure Rate (λ) is calculated as follows:

$$\chi = \frac{1}{MTTF} = \frac{1.83}{192 \times 4340 \times 96 \times 2}$$

(Chi square value for MTTF upper limit)

$$\lambda = 11.5 \times 10^{-9}$$

$$\chi = 11.5 \text{ F.I.T. (60% confidence level @ 25°C)}$$

The following failure rate represents data collected from Maxim’s reliability monitor program. Maxim performs quarterly life test monitors on its processes. This data is published in the Reliability Report found at http://www.maxim-ic.com/qa/reliability/monitor. Cumulative monitor data for the S45 Process results in a FIT Rate of 0.49 @ 25°C and 8.49 @ 55°C (0.8 eV, 60% UCL)

B. E.S.D. and Latch-Up Testing (lot SUR0AZ001C, D/C 0430)

The PD64-2 die type has been found to have all pins able to withstand a HBM transient pulse of +/- 400V per Mil-Std 883 Method 3015.7. Latch-Up testing has shown that this device withstands a current of 250mA.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TEST ITEM</th>
<th>TEST CONDITION</th>
<th>FAILURE IDENTIFICATION</th>
<th>SAMPLE SIZE</th>
<th>NUMBER OF FAILURES</th>
<th>COMMENTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Static Life Test (Note 1)</td>
<td>Ta = 135°C, Biased, Time = 192 hrs.</td>
<td>DC Parameters &amp; functionality</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>SUR0AZ001C, D/C 0430, SUR3AA016B, D/C 0726</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note 1: Life Test Data may represent plastic DIP qualification lots.